Detailed Statistics

Content:

- - Netword Cache
 - o Textures
 - Texture Cache
 - o Scene
 - REYES
 - Ray Tracer
 - Point Based Subsurface Scattering

 - Space Partitioner
 Point-Based Global Illumination
 - O Point-Based Subsurface Scattering
 - Photon Maps
- Profiling Categories
- Example JSON Output and Parsing
- Embedding Statistics Into HTML Documents

3Delight statistics are divided in groups of related information. For example, the "Ray Tracer" group contains all statistics that affect ray tracer operations. The following table lists all the groups as well as their JSON legalized names and comments.

Group	JSON name	Description
Render Option	render _optio ns	Contains global rendering options that have been (usual) set by the user.
System	system	Contains options related to the system/hardware on which the image has been rendered.
Profiling	profil ing	Contains timings for different parts of the renderer.
Memory	memory	Contains information and memory profiling for different structures in the renderer.
Texture Cache	textur e_cache	The texture cache plays an important part in the overall performance of 3Delight. The cache is needed since available physical memory is usually much less than the space taken by all the textures for a certain render. The role of this cache is to keep and manage the texture data needed for rendering.
Ray Tracer	ray_tr acer	Contains data related to all operations of the ray tracer.
REYES	reyes	Contains data related to the workings of the REYES rendering engine.

Statistics Description

The following table goes through every statistic available in every group.

' * ' = deprecated.

Keyword	Туре	Units	Description		
	System				
time_to_fir st_pixel	real	secs	Time it take for the first pixel to appear.		
network_traffic	table				
disk_traffic	table				

load_average	[real, real, real]		Load average is a gauge of how many processes are on average, concurrently demanding CPU attention. The three numbers are averages for 1, 5 and 15 minutes. Very detailed description of load averages can be obtained on Linux manpages of uptime. A good technical overview can be found here and good vulgarization can be found here.
			Profiling
timings	table	time	Time taken to produce the image, for a wide range of timed categories. Different categories are explained in Profiling Categories
memory_prof	table	М	Memory used to produce the image, for a wide range of categories.
peak_virtua l_memory	real	М	The peak virtual memory while rendering. Note that 3Delight could consume large amounts of virtual memory on 64 bits machines. This doesn't mean that it will actually uses all the virtual space it allocated (far from it).
peak_reside nt	real	М	Peak resident memory as computed by 3Delight.
peak_from_m alloc	real	М	Peak as returned from system allocator.
system_time	[real, real, real]		
cpu_usage	[real, real, real]		CPU usage in %.
			Netword Cache
cache_size	real	GB	As specified by the user.
used_size	real	GB	Amount of space already used.
number_of_c opied_files	integer		Total number of files copied to that cache during this rendering session
number_of_f ailed_copies	integer		Copies that failed for system reasons (space, permissions, etc)
number_of_c opies_avoid ed	integer		Copies avoided because files already in cache
number_of_r ejected_fil es	integer		Files not copied because cache is full
*number_of_ copies_avoi ded_kb	integer	Kb	Same as number_of_copies_avoided but in Kb.
data_not_ca	integer	Kb	Data not cached due to lack of space.
data_copied	integer	Kb	Total amount of data that has been copied to the cache during the rendering sessions.
			Textures
number_of_m aps	integer		Total number of maps (textures, shadow maps, deep shadow maps, etc) managed.
number_of_t exture_maps	integer		
number_of_s hadow_maps	integer		
number_of_d eep_shadow_ maps	integer		
number_of_i nvalid_maps	integer		
number_of_f ile_open_op erations	integer		Total number of file open operations performed during a rendering session. Should be relatively low thanks to caching. Could be high on systems configured with not enough file descriptors.
*number_of_ map_requests	integer		Total number of maps requested
texture_acc ess_statist ics	table		
texture_ids	group		List of texture ids needed to understand texture_access_statistics

			Texture Cache
cache_size	real	GB	Size of RAM texture cache.
footprint_o f_textures	real		The texture footprint is the total amount of data seen by the cache during a render. It's the size the cache should be made to hold everything needed in memory. This is a good metric of how much data a scene is using. Note that the cache does not have to be that large to be fully efficient in most cases.
footprint_o f_misc		G	Same as footprint_for_textures but applies to other textures such as 3D textures (brick maps).
pressure	real		The cache pressure is the ratio between the footprint and the amount of data actually loaded into the cache, counting data which is loaded more than once because it was flushed. For example, at 2 each texture tile is loaded on average twice, which is actually not that bad. At 10, we're loading each tile 10 times, which is not that good anymore. A pressure of 1 indicates a fully efficient cache. This number is directly proportional to the <i>texture loading</i> time described in the Profiling section above. If the pressure goes from 4 to 2 then loading time will be halved.
pressure_fr om_textures	real		Pressure from 2D textures.
pressure_fr om_misc	real		Pressure from other kind of textures (such as 3D textures).
			Scene
number_of_o bjects	integer		Total number of high level objects passed to renderer.
number_of_a ttributes	integer		Number of RenderMan attributes needed to describe the scene.
number_of_t ransforms	integer		Number of transforms in the scene.
primitive_c ompression_ ratio	real		While rendering, 3Delight uses a compression algorithm for geometric primitives residing in memory. This statistic indicates the compression ratio.
saved_memory	real	Mb	Memory saved thanks to compression.
			REYES
number_of_m	integer		Total number of micro polygons generated to produce the image.
average_mps _per_grid	integer		Average number of micro polygons per grid.
grids_proje cted	integer		Total number of grids projected to screen.
grids_shaded	integer		Total number of grids that have been shaded. Some projected grids might not need shading after projection because they are rejected by visibility culling.
grids_displ aced	integer		Total number of displaced grids.
number_of_p rimitives	integer		Total number of low-level primitives.
number_of_r ejected_pri mitives			Total number of low-level primitives that have been efficiently rejected because they were are not seen in the image.
number_of_n on_empty_bu ckets	integer		
average_ite ms_per_buck et	integer		Average number of items (primitive, grid, particle, etc) in a bucket.
maximum_ite ms_in_a_buc ket	integer		Maximum items found in a single bucket.
distributio n_of_microp olygon_area	histogram		An histogram representing the distribution of the area of micro-polygons. Distributions skewed towards lower values mean slower renders.
distributio n_of_fragme nt_lists	histogram		Depth complexity.

number_of_t rimming_ope rations	integer		Number of trim curves operations. Non zero when scene contains NURBS and trim curves.
maximum_mp_ area	real		Maximum micro polygon area in the scene.
mininum_mp_ area	real		Minimum micro polygon area in the scene.
average_mp_ area	real		Average micro polygon area in the scene.
*curves_gro uping_effic iency	real		Internal.
			Ray Tracer
number_of_r	integer		Total number of traced rays.
number_of_s hader_calls	integer		Total number of shader calls.
travelled_d	real	camera space units	Total travelled distance for all traced rays.
number_of_a realight_pr obes	integer		Total number of ray probes for area light sampling.
average_obj ects_in_ray _path	real		Average number of objects any each ray crosses during scene traversal. Higher values lead to slower render. Values close to a hundred can be seen when rendering fur or hair.
number_of_p atch_inters ection_tests	integer		Total count of intersection tests with the lowest level geometrical primitives in 3Delight.
space_parti tion_effici ency	real		Proportion of rays hitting an object after they enter a space partition leaf.
bounding_vo lume_effici ency	real		Proportion of rays hitting an objects they they enter objet's bounding volume.
average_ray _packet_size	real		
approximati ons	real		Percentage of intersection tests that used geometric approximations.
cache_press ure	real		Pressure on displaced geometry cache.
distributio n_of_ray_de pth	histogram		
distributio n_of_shadin g_groups	histogram		Represents the distribution of shading group sizes. Histograms skewed to lower values represent less efficient shading.
distributio n_of_ray_ty pes	table		A table describing how many rays were traced, per type (specular, diffuse, transmission,). Note that this is a table, not an histogram.
distributio n_of_shader _calls	table		Describes how many shader calls were performed, per ray type.
bbox_inters ections	(real, integer)		(bounding box intersection per ray, total bbox intersection)
			Point Based Subsurface Scattering
distributio n_of_lookup _depth	histogram		An histogram representing the lookup depth in the hierarchical structure used to store the point-based scene representation. Histograms skewed to lower values mean faster renders. A technical statistic that is not really telling for an artist.
			Space Partitioner
number_of_n odes	integer		Total number of nodes (internal and leafs) in the space partitioner.

	1	
motion_dens ity	real	
motion_segm ents	integer	
tree_depth	integer	Maximum leaf node depth in the space partitioner.
number_of_r ays	integer	Total number of rays that went through the space partitioner.
average_lea fs_per_ray	real	Average number of leaves a ray encounters during tress traversal.
average_int ernal_nodes _per_ray	real	Average number internal nodes a ray encounters during tree traversal.
*average_de pth_per_leaf	real	
average_obj ects_per_le af	real	
average_pac ket_size_at _root	real	Ray packet size when packet is entering the root of the tree
average_pac ket_size_at _leaf	real	Ray packet size when packet is entering a leaf of the tree
number_of_b box_interse ctions	integer	
number_of_b box_interse ctions_per_ ray	real	It is useful to compare this number with the average_objects_in_ray_path
		Point-Based Global Illumination
number_of_q ueries	integer	Total number of lookups in the point-based representation of the scene.
number_of_e lements_per _query	real	Average number of elements considered for each query. Higher numbers usually indicate slower queries/renders.
		Point-Based Subsurface Scattering
number_of_n odes	integer	Total number of nodes (internal and leaf) in data structure (tree) used for point-based subsurface scattering.
tree_depth	integer	
number_of_q ueries	integer	
number_of_l eaf_computa tions	integer	Number of subsurface computation performed using the leafs of the tree.
number_of_h ierarchical _computatio ns	integer	Number of subsurface computation performed using higher (aggregate) tree levels. Using such aggregate computations accelerate overall render time.
minimum_vis ited_leafs_ per_query	integer	
maximum_vis ited_leafs_ per_query	integer	
average_vis ited_leafs_ per_query	integer	
		Photon Maps

number_of_i nteractions	integer	Total number of photon/surface interactions.
number_of_g lobal_photo ns	integer	Number of photons stored in <i>global</i> photon maps.
number_of_c austic_phot ons	integer	Numbe of photons stored in <i>caustic</i> photon maps.
average_bou	real	Average number of bounces a photon does before terminating or exiting scene.
average_dif fuse_depth	real	Average depth of photons stored in the <i>global</i> photon map.
average_cau stics_depth	real	Average depth if photons stored in the <i>specular</i> photon map.

Profiling Categories

This statistic block gives several timings about the render. Each task shows the wall clock time it took in the total render time. Follows a description for all possible tasks.

Task	Description
raytracer init	This task includes all the work that needs to be done before starting the space parition. Basically this means iterating through all scene objects and prepare structures for the upcoming render.
ray tracer instance init	This task counts the time that is spent on optimizing instances (when "shared instances" are enabled).
space partition init	This task counts the time it takes 3Delight to build the space partitioner (a BVH-like structure). The time spent here will go proportionally with the scene size.
surface shaders	Counts the amount of time the renderer is spending inside surface shaders. Complex shaders (as generated, for example, by comlexe shading networks in <i>Maya</i> or <i>Softimage</i>) will lead to higher times in this task.
light shaders	Counts the time spent in light shaders.
volume shaders	Counts the time spent in volume shaders.
displacemen t shaders	Counts the time spent in displacement shaders.
imager shaders	Counts the time spent in imager shaders.
RSL plugins	Counts the time spent in custom RSL plug-ins.
shadowmap filtering	Counts the time spent filtering shadow maps to render shadows.
dsm filtering	Same as for shadow map filtering but for deep shadow maps.

texture filtering	Counts the time spent filtering texture maps. If this times seems too high compared to total render time (>10%) it could be one of the following reasons: 1. Textures are not properly mip-mapped. Running tdlmake is mandatory for good performance. 2. Texture lookups are done with very narrow "width". This can only happen in custom shaders. 3. There is simply a very large amount of textures in the scene.
point cloud filtering	Counts the time spent filtering point clouds for point-based color bleeding.
brick map filtering	Counts the time spent filtering brick maps.
texture loading	Counts the time spent loading texture tiles. Since 3Delight has a caching system for texture loading this time should be marginal compared to the total render time. If not, this probably means that the texture cache is not large enough (read the Texture Cache's ection).
shadow map loading	Counts the time spent loading shadow map tiles.

Example JSON Output and Parsing

Follows is an example of JSON file output by 3Delight.

```
"textures": {
   "number_of_map_requests": 2,
    "number_of_maps": 1,
    "number_of_environment_maps": 1,
    "number_of_texture_maps": 0,
    "number_of_deep_shadow_maps": 0,
    "number_of_shadow_maps": 0,
    "number_of_invlid_maps": 0,
    "texture_access_statistics": {
        "columns": {
           "refs": [
               1179710
            1.
            "id": [
             1
            ],
            "mipmap_min": [
               0
            ],
            "footprint": [
               13664256
            "mipmap_max": [
               10
            ]
    "number_of_file_open_operations": 1,
    "texture_ids": {
        "id": 1
},
"render_options": {},
"system": {
   "network_traffic": {
        "columns": {
           "operation": [
               "read",
                "write"
            ],
```

```
"total_mb": [
                6.5827980041503906,
                6.5808382034301758
            ],
            "transfer_rate": [
                962.96930803571433,
                962.6826171875
            ]
        }
    },
    "load_average": [
       1.7587890625,
        1.60693359375,
        1.5478515625
    "time_to_first_pixel": 0.0
},
"point_based_gi": {
    "number_of_elements_per_query": 0.0,
    "number_of_queries": 0.0
"profiling": {
    "cpu_usage": [
        323.58533957300125,
        4.0109569189157455,
        327.59629649191703
    ],
    "system_time": [
        23.096786999999999,
        0.28629299999999996,
        7.1377730000000001
    ],
    "timings": {
        "columns": {
            "task": [
                "other",
                "ReadArchive",
                "raytracer init",
                "raytracer instance init",
                "space partition init",
                "raytracing",
                "surface shaders",
                "surface shaders (opacity)",
                "light shaders",
                "volume shaders",
                "displacement shaders",
                "imager shaders",
                "RSL plugins",
                "shadowmap filtering",
                "texture filtering",
                "dsm filtering",
                "point cloud filtering",
                "brick map filtering",
                "shadowmap loading",
                "texture loading",
                "RtxPlugin",
                "dsm loading",
                "point cloud loading",
                "brick map loading",
                "point cloud occlusion",
                "display drivers",
                "sampling",
                "particle sampling",
                "screen filtering",
                "REYES",
                "eyesplit",
                "subsurface init",
                "subsurface eval",
                "procedural expansion",
                "shader recompilation",
                "trimming",
```

```
"volume shader grouping",
                "photon tree creation",
                "point cloud writing",
                "raytrace hider",
                "error reporting",
                "file access (netcache)",
                "DEBUG 1",
                "DEBUG 2",
                "DEBUG 3"
            ],
            "time": [
               0.797136333333333289,
               0.45662449999999971,
                0.073952999999999963,
               0.0,
               4.7672314166666556,
                0.48777950000000014,
                0.0052614999999999997,
                0.14790499999999995,
                0.0,
               0.0,
               0.0,
                0.0,
                0.0,
                0.0,
                0.0,
                0.0,
                0.0,
                0.0,
                0.063149750000000004,
               0.0,
                0.0,
                0.0,
               0.0,
               0.0,
                0.29331975000000005,
               0.0,
                0.0,
                0.0,
                0.0,
                0.0,
                0.0,
                0.0,
                0.0,
                0.0,
                0.0,
                0.0,
               0.0,
                0.011049999999999999999999
                0.0,
                0.0025062499999999998,
               0.0,
               0.0,
                0.0
           ]
       }
   }
"texture_cache": {
    "size": 0.984375,
    "pressure_from_textures": 1.0,
    "pressure": 1.0,
    "footprint_of_textures": 0.012725830078125,
    "pressure_from_misc": 0.0,
    "footprint_of_misc": 0.0
},
"scene": {
    "number_of_objects": 9,
    "number_of_attributes": 12,
```

```
"saved_memory": 0.50068800000000002,
    "primitive_compression_ratio": 1.5388098955154419,
    "number_of_transforms": 10
},
"memory": {
    "peak_resident": 136.73267200000001,
    "memory_profiling": {
        "columns": {
            "peak": [
                288,
                0,
                792,
                2791968,
                0,
                5227604,
                0,
                Ο,
                0,
                0,
                Ο,
                0,
                2232,
                13677600,
                0,
                0,
                0,
                104130,
                7320,
                11199544,
                8173,
                5476,
                0,
                Ο,
                0,
                Ο,
                0,
                1086064,
                0,
                534688,
                297000,
                2928096
            ],
            "item": [
                "unprocessed gprim",
                "gprim",
                "gprim (polygons)",
                "gprim (subdiv)",
                "gprim (curves)",
                "gprim variables",
                "particles",
                "topology data",
                "crack elimination geo",
                "grid",
                "shaded grid",
                "grid AOV",
                "texture objects",
                "texture cache",
                "hider and visible points",
                "image data",
                "buffered display data",
                "shader code",
                "shader instance",
                "shader variables",
                "attributes",
                "transform",
                "subsurface",
                "point based occlusion",
                "point cloud",
                "photon map",
                "inline archive",
                "ray tracer",
```

```
"ray tracer cache",
    "space partition",
    "diffuse ray cache",
    "misc"
],
"current": [
   288,
    0,
   792,
   2790720,
   0,
   2502740,
   Ο,
   Ο,
   Ο,
    0,
    0,
   0,
   2232,
   13677600,
   Ο,
   0,
   Ο,
   104130,
   7320,
   0,
   8173,
   5476,
   0,
   0,
    0,
   0,
   0,
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   0,
   534688,
   1736720,
   3694048
],
"category_peak": [
   78392,
   0,
   792,
   2799864,
   0,
   5252364,
   Ο,
   0,
   0,
    Ο,
    0,
   0,
   2232,
   13677600,
   0,
   0,
    0,
   104130,
   7320,
   11979836,
   8173,
   5624,
   0,
   0,
   0,
   0,
   0,
   1086064,
   Ο,
   534688,
   1736720,
```

```
3694048
            ]
       }
    },
    "peak_from_malloc": 70.07137600000001
},
"space_partition": {
    "number_of_bbox_intersections_per_ray": 34.664260406427871,
    "motion_segments": 1.0,
    "average_packet_size_at_leaf": 7.9934654661822959,
    "average_internal_nodes_per_ray": 1.4410851029784899,
    "number_of_rays": 874940.0,
    "number_of_nodes": 12325.0,
    "motion_density": 0.0081135902636916835,
    "tree_depth": 20.0,
    "number_of_bbox_intersections": 30329148.0,
    "average_depth_per_leaf": 14.221807561252637,
    "average_leafs_per_ray": 0.30643701282373648,
    "average_packet_size_at_root": 55.055373772967528,
    "average_objects_per_leaf": 1.6947914976472498
"ray_tracer": {
    "distribution_of_shading_groups": {
        "divisions": [
           1.0,
            2.0,
            4.0,
            8.0,
            16.0,
            32.0
        ],
        "scale": "logarithmic",
        "type": "histogram",
        "hits": [
           3889.
           1334,
           1771,
            1157,
            864,
            627,
            1175
        ]
    "approximations": 32.631661953810301,
    "average_ray_packet_size": 4.2809678096469224,
    "number_of_rays": 875164.0,
    "distribution_of_ray_types": {
        "columns": {
            "type": [
                "Specular",
                "Transmission",
                "Diffuse",
                "Light",
                "Camera",
                "Hair",
                "Subsurface"
            ],
            "count": [
                125483.0,
                300586.0,
                0.0,
                0.0,
                422912.0,
                0.0,
                26183.0
            ],
            "percentage": [
                14.338226892331038,
                34.346248246043025,
                0.0,
                0.0,
```

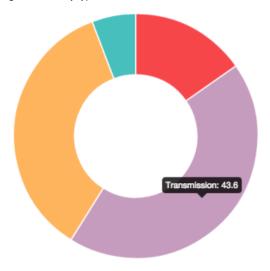
```
48.323742749930297,
            0.0,
            2.9917821116956365
        ]
    }
},
"bbox_intersection": [
   1.5752442439733148,
    2781979.0
"space_partition_efficiency": 16.348005064125616,
"travelled_distance": 1881734.8848779108,
"number_of_shader_calls": 306832.0,
"number_of_patch_intersection_tests": 1766062.0,
"number_of_arealight_probes": 0.0,
"distribution_of_shader_calls": {
    "columns": {
        "type": [
            "Specular",
            "Transmission",
            "Diffuse",
            "Light",
            "Camera",
            "Hair",
            "Subsurface"
        ],
        "count": [
            50588.0,
           157918.0,
            0.0,
            0.0,
            78705.0,
            0.0,
            19621.0
        ],
        "percentage": [
            16.487198206184491,
            51.467252437816136,
            0.0,
            0.0,
            25.650844761954421,
            0.0,
            6.3947045940449492
        ]
    }
},
"average_objects_in_ray_path": 3.6606990232687817,
"bounding_volume_efficiency": 29.65598036762016,
"cache_pressure": 0.0,
"distribution_of_ray_depth": {
    "divisions": [
        0.0,
        1.0,
        2.0,
        3.0,
        4.0,
        5.0,
        6.0,
        7.0,
        8.0
    ],
    "scale": "linear",
    "type": "histogram",
    "hits": [
       422912,
        304513,
        108011,
        30381,
        9347,
        Ο,
        0,
```

```
0,
0,
0
1
}
```

To be continued ...

Embedding Statistics Into HTML Documents

It is easy to use the JSON output format to generate nice rendering of statistics. The following example code uses HTML, Chart.js and JavaScript to generate a pie chart representing the percentage for each ray type.



Example pie chart generate using JSON statistics, HTML and Javascript.